



BE WATER WISE!

Groundwater Management in the North of Namibia presents:

The incredible adventures of H₂O & his friends

Produced By:

Ministry of Agriculture, Water & Forestry - Directorate of Water Resource Management Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources (BGR - Germany)







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FOREWORD

"WATER IS LIFE! ". AS MUCH AS THIS PHRASE IS USED, THERE ARE FEW COUNTRIES WHERE THIS FACT DETERMINES MORE OUR DAILY LIFE THAN IN DRY NAMIBIA.

WATER IN NAMIBIA IS VULNERABLE AND SCARCE. MOST PEOPLE USE GROUNDWATER FOR THEIR EVERYDAY ACTIVITIES. WITH THE CURRENT CLIMATIC CONDITIONS WATER TABLES ARE DROPPING AND DAMS ARE DRYING UP FAST. THE GROWING POPULATION AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES INCREASES THE DEMAND FOR WATER COUNTRY WIDE. SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT, WATER USE EFFICIENCY AND DEMAND MANAGEMENT MUST BE EMPLOYED TO ENSURE ENOUGH SUPPLY, ALSO FOR THE FUTURE GENERATION.

IT IS UP TO ALL NAMIBIANS, YOUNG AND OLD, TO PROTECT OUR SCARCE WATER RESOURCES. TO BE ABLE TO MANAGE IT, ONE MUST FIRST KNOW AND UNDERSTAND ITS NATURE. OUR MOST UTILIZED RESOURCE, THE GROUNDWATER, IS TO MANY OF US A MIRACLE. DIGGING OR DRILLING A HOLE IN THE GROUND CAN PROVIDE US WITH THIS VALUABLE ELEMENT. BUT HOW DOES IT COME THERE? HOW MUCH CAN BE PUMPED? IS IT SAFE TO DRINK? WHAT CAN I DO TO PROTECT IT FROM OVER ABSTRACTION AND CONTAMINATION?

WORLDWIDE IT IS RECOGNIZED THAT IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT YOUTH PARTICIPATE ACTIVELY IN ALL RELEVANT LEVELS OF DECISION-MAKING PROCESSES, RECOGNIZING THEIR INTELLECTUAL CONTRIBUTION, ABILITY TO MOBILIZE SUPPORT, AND UNIQUE PERSPECTIVES. FOR NAMIBIA THE THOUGHT IS TRUER AND THIS IS ONLY POSSIBLE IF THE YOUTH AND YOUNG PEOPLE ARE PROVIDED WITH OPPORTUNITIES AND RELEVANT INFORMATION ON WATER RESOURCES, ITS NATURE, USE AND MANAGEMENT.

IN THIS SCIENCE BASED COMIC BOOK, THE HEROES, SAM, TULI AND H₂O, PROVIDE THE ANSWER TO THE QUESTIONS POSED ABOVE. AS THE FUTURE ADULTS, THESE YOUNG PEOPLE, ARE GIVEN INFORMATION, TO ACTIVELY INFORM AND PARTICIPATE IN DEVELOPING THE FUTURE AGENDA, TOWARDS SECURING ACCESS TO WATER FOR ALL. THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, WATER AND FORESTRY DEVELOPED IT IN COOPERATION WITH ITS PARTNER, THE FEDERAL INSTITUTE FOR GEOSCIENCE AND NATURAL RESOURCES OF GERMANY (BGR) TO GIVE YOUNG LEARNERS AND THOSE THAT ARE YOUNG AT HEART A FUN WAY TO UNDERSTAND NAMIBIA'S HIDDEN TREASURE, THE GROUNDWATER! HAPPY LEARNING!

DEPUTY PERMANENT SECRETARY
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, WATER AND FORESTRY
MR ABRAHAM NEHEMIA





FOREWORD

NATURAL RESOURCES ARE NAMIBIA'S GREATEST ASSET.
UNIQUE LANDSCAPES, WILDLIFE, A DIVERSE FLORA AND MINERAL COMMODITIES ARE
THE BACKBONE OF THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMY. ONE RESOURCE IS HOWEVER SCARCE AS
NOWHERE ELSE IN SUB- SAHARAN AFRICA: WATER.

ALL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS ARE CHALLENGED WITHOUT SECURE ACCESS TO GOOD QUALITY WATER. SINCE INDEPENDENCE IT IS GERMANY'S AIM TO SUPPORT NAMIBIA'S EFFORTS IN IMPROVING SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES WITH A SPECIAL FOCUS ON THE PRECIOUS GROUNDWATER RESERVOIRS.

IN THE FRAME OF THE CURRENT JOINT PROJECT "GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT IN THE NORTH OF NAMIBIA" IMPLEMENTED BY THE NAMIBIAN MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, WATER AND FORESTRY (MAWF) AND THE GERMAN FEDERAL INSTITUTE FOR GEOSCIENCE AND NATURAL RESOURCES (BGR) A HUGE GROUNDWATER BODY, THE SO-CALLED OHANGWENA-II-AQUIFER, WAS DISCOVERED.

THIS AQUIFER HAS THE POTENTIAL TO ATTENUATE THE WATER SHORTAGE IN WIDE PARTS OF NORTHERN NAMIBIA. IT REQUIRES HOWEVER A JOINT EFFORT IN ORDER TO SECURE AND PROTECT THIS STRATEGIC RESOURCE. HOW IT CAN BE DONE IS TOLD IN THIS COMIC, WHICH WAS DEVELOPED THROUGH A NAMIBIAN-GERMAN TEAM OF GEO-EXPERTS AND ARTISTS. WITH THIS KNOWLEDGE, THE FUTURE GENERATIONS WILL BE ABLE TO SAFEGUARD THEIR BASIS FOR LIVELIHOOD.

AMBASSADOR OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY IN NAMIBIA CHRISTIAN MATTHIAS SCHLAGA





Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany Windhoek



H20

 $\rm H_2O$ IS A HELPFUL, ADVENTUROUS CHARACTER WHO CAN TRANSFORM INTO ANY SHAPE AND MULTIPLY INTO MANY DIFFERENT CHARACTERS... THE SAME, YET DIFFERENT. HE APPEARS AS IF BY 'MAGIC' WHEN EITHER SAM OR TULI CALL HIM...BUT ...ONLY THEY CAN SEE AND HEAR HIM.



TULI

TULI IS VERY CLEVER AND IS ALWAYS STUDYING. SHE'S A BOOK-WORM. SAM IS HER BEST FRIEND AND CONFIDENT, THEY ARE IN THE SAME CLASS AT SCHOOL. TULI IS NOT AS BRAVE AS SAM, BUT SHE ADMIRES HIS COURAGE AND DETERMINATION TO PUT THINGS RIGHT AND IS ALWAYS READY TO HELP HIM. SHE IS LEARNING TO LOVE NATURE THROUGH SAM'S PASSION, AND IN PARTICULAR THE NATURAL PROCESSES THAT MAKE OUR WORLD HABITABLE.



SAM

SAM IS AN OPTIMISTIC, CHEERFUL CHARACTER, A NATURE LOVER, WHOSE PRIMARY CONCERN IS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT... A YOUNG ECO WARRIOR! HE LOVES THE OUTDOORS AND WILLINGLY CHAMPIONS ANY CAUSE THAT HE FEELS WILL BENEFIT THE ENVIRONMENT. TULI IS HIS BEST FRIEND AND HE KNOWS SHE IS VERY CLEVER AND OFTEN ASK HER ABOUT LIFE AROUND HIM. IF SHE DOESN'T KNOW THE ANSWER, THEY GO TO MR. SMART.



MR SMART

MR. SMART IS SAM AND TULI'S SCHOOL SCIENCE TEACHER. THE CHILDREN GO TO HIM FOR HELP SOMETIMES. HE IS KIND AND WISE AND ALWAYS WILLING AND EAGER TO HELP THEM UNDERSTAND WHAT IS NEEDED TO MAKE A SITUATION RIGHT.



DR ROCK

DR ROCK IS A HYDROGEOLOGIST WORKING IN THE CUVELAI-ETOSHA BASIN AREA. SHE KNOWS MR SMART AND OFTEN VISITS THE SCHOOL TO TEACH THE KIDS ABOUT GROUND WATER AND WATER PROTECTION.



MR KEMANYA

MR KEMANYA IS A HYDROGEOLOGIST ALSO WORKING IN THE CUVE-LAI-ETOSHA BASIN AREA. HIS LOVE FOR JOKES, HIS LOCAL KNOWL-EDGE OF THE AREA AND LOVE FOR HIS WORK MAKES HIM A GREAT FRIEND TO HAVE.

KEY POINTS IN THE WATER CYCLE

EVAPORATION

THE TRANSFORMATION OF WATER FROM LIQUID TO GAS PHASES AS IT MOVES FROM THE GROUND OR BODIES OF WATER INTO THE OVERLYING ATMOSPHERE. THE SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR EVAPORATION IS PRIMARILY SOLAR RADIATION. EVAPORATION OFTEN IMPLICITLY INCLUDES TRANSPIRATION FROM PLANTS, THOUGH TOGETHER THEY ARE SPECIFICALLY REFERRED TO AS EVAPOTRANSPIRATION.

TRANSPIRATION

THE RELEASE OF WATER VAPOR FROM PLANTS AND SOIL INTO THE AIR. WATER VAPOR IS A GAS THAT CANNOT BE SEEN.

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION

COMBINED SUM OF EVAPORATION AND TRANSPIRATION

CONDENSATION

THE TRANSFORMATION OF WATER VAPOR TO LIQUID WATER DROPLETS IN THE AIR, CREATING CLOUDS AND FOG.

PRECIPITATION

CONDENSED WATER VAPOR THAT FALLS TO THE EARTH'S SURFACE. MOST PRECIPITATION OCCURS AS RAIN, BUT ALSO INCLUDES SNOW, HAIL, FOG DRIP, GRAUPEL, AND SLEET.

RUNOFF

THE VARIETY OF WAYS BY WHICH WATER MOVES ACROSS THE LAND. THIS INCLUDES BOTH SURFACE RUNOFF AND CHANNEL RUNOFF. AS IT FLOWS, THE WATER MAY SEEP INTO THE GROUND, EVAPORATE INTO THE AIR, BECOME STORED IN LAKES OR RESERVOIRS, OR BE EXTRACTED FOR AGRICULTURAL OR OTHER HUMAN USES.

INFILTRATION

THE FLOW OF WATER FROM THE GROUND SURFACE INTO THE GROUND. ONCE INFILTRATED, THE WATER BECOMES SOIL MOISTURE OR GROUNDWATER.

SUBSURFACE FLOW

THE FLOW OF WATER UNDERGROUND, IN THE VADOSE ZONE AND AQUIFERS. SUBSURFACE WATER MAY RETURN TO THE SURFACE (E.G. AS A SPRING OR BY BEING PUMPED) OR EVENTUALLY SEEP INTO THE OCEANS. WATER RETURNS TO THE LAND SURFACE AT LOWER ELEVATION THAN WHERE IT INFILTRATED, UNDER THE FORCE OF GRAVITY OR GRAVITY INDUCED PRESSURES. GROUNDWATER TENDS TO MOVE SLOWLY, AND IS REPLENISHED SLOWLY, SO IT CAN REMAIN IN AQUIFERS FOR THOUSANDS OF YEARS.

ADVECTION

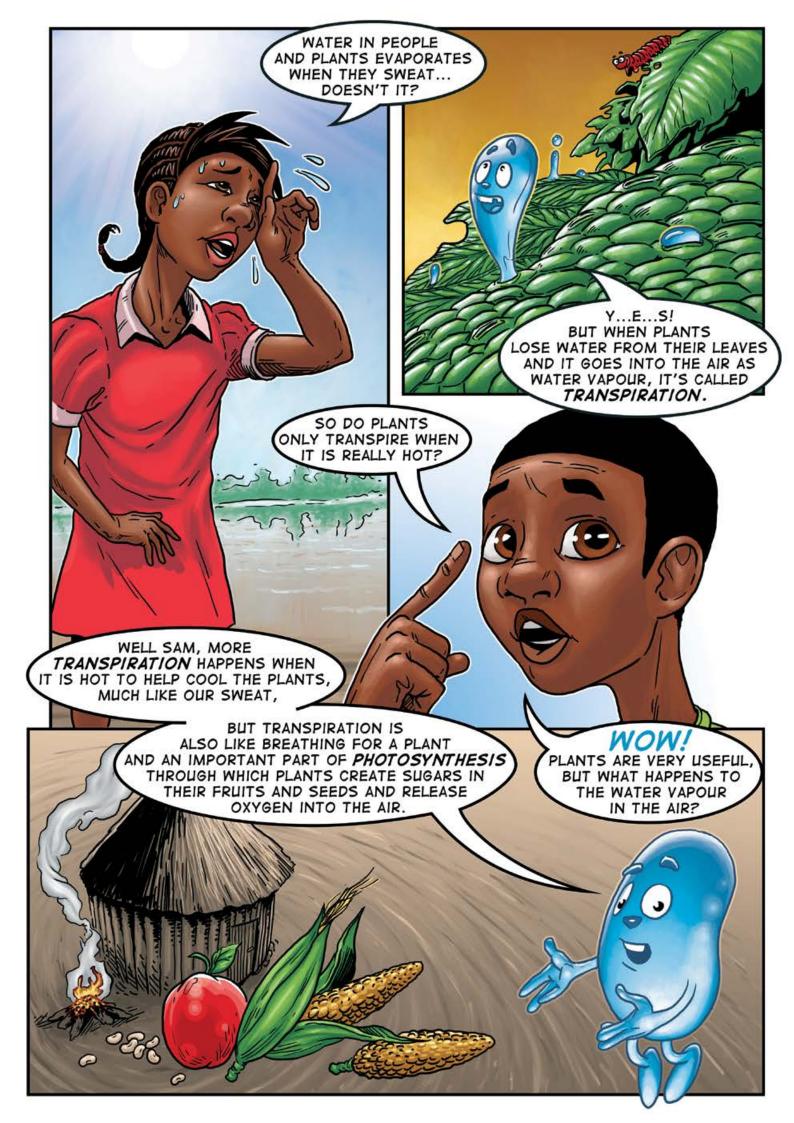
THE MOVEMENT OF WATER - IN SOLID, LIQUID, OR VAPOR STATES - THROUGH THE AT-MOSPHERE. WITHOUT ADVECTION, WATER THAT EVAPORATED OVER THE OCEANS COULD NOT PRECIPITATE OVER LAND.

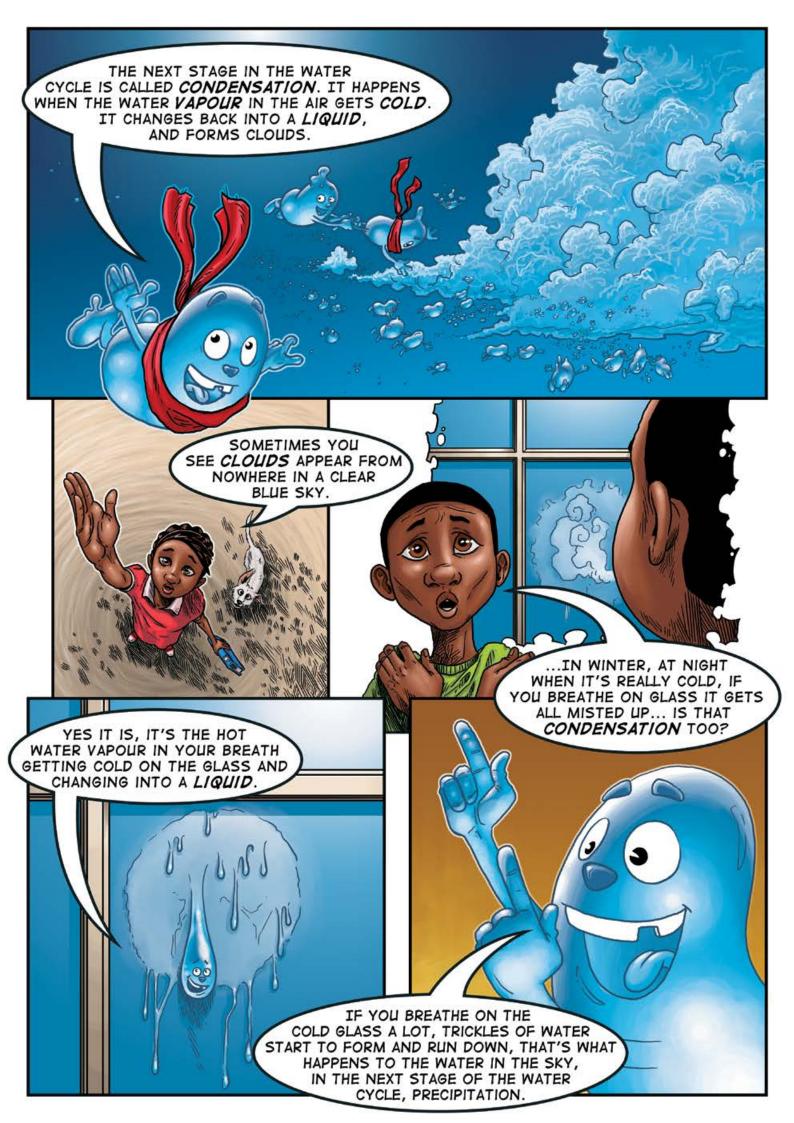
ENDORHEIC RIVERS

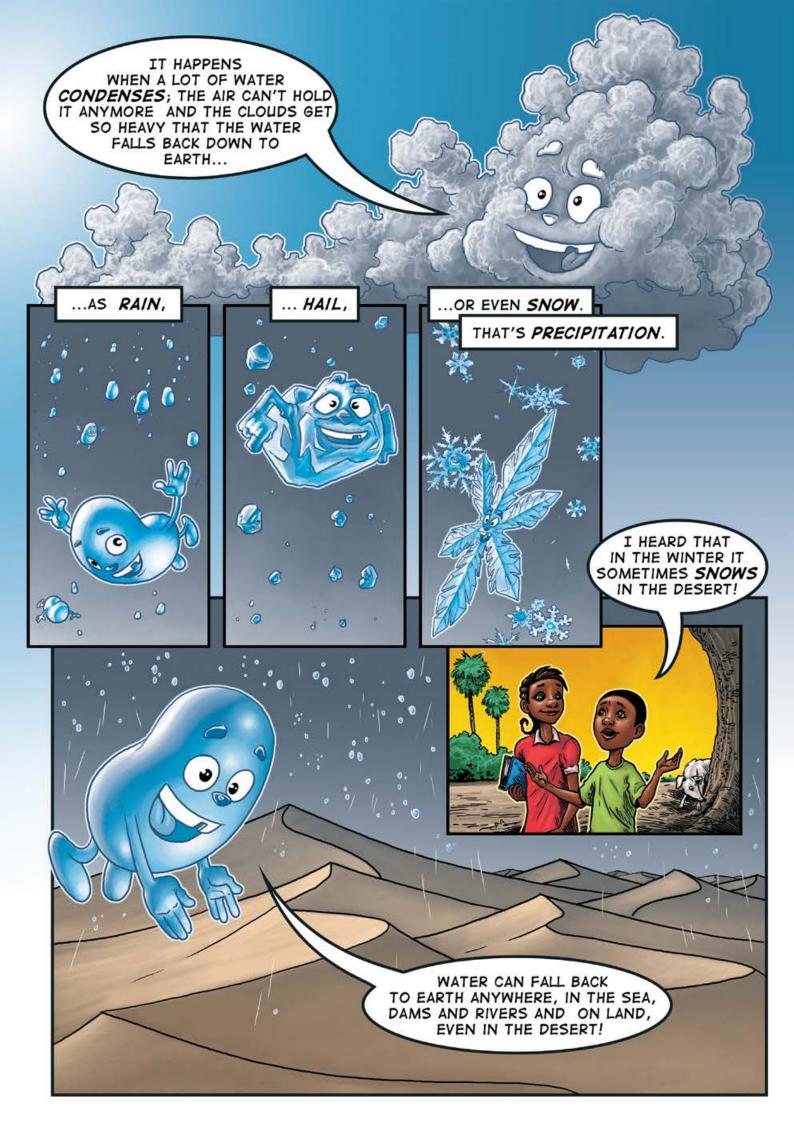
ENDORHEIC DRAINAGE BASINS ARE INLAND BASINS THAT DO NOT DRAIN TO AN OCEAN. EXAMPLES ARE THE ETOSHA SALT PAN AND THE OKAVANGO DELTA IN BOTSWANA

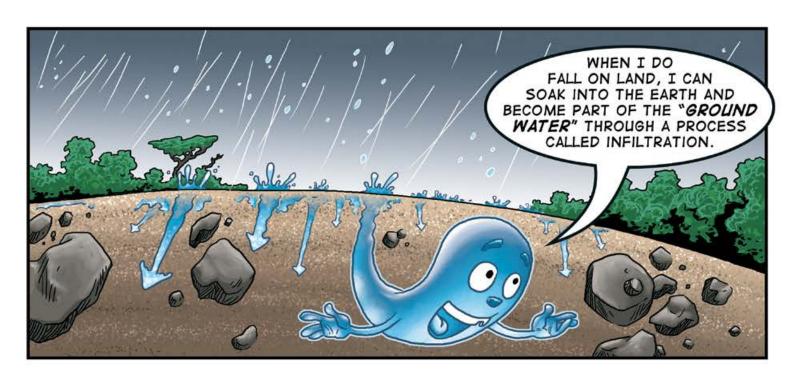


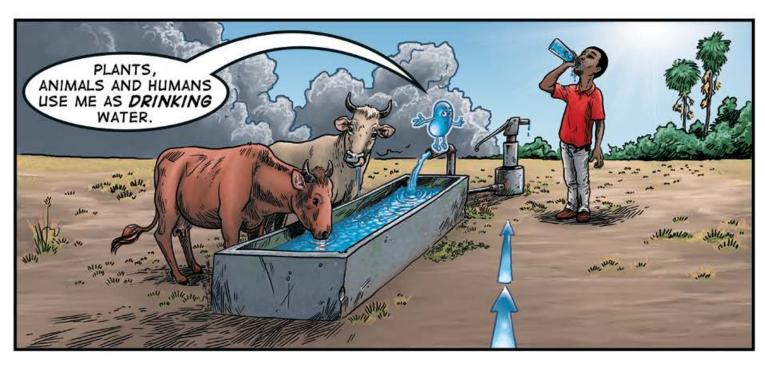


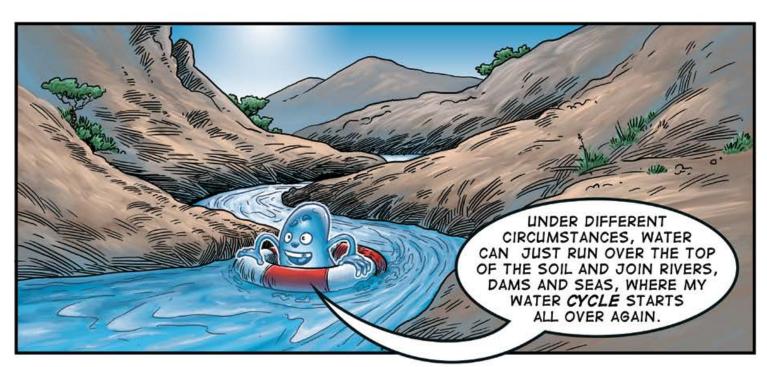


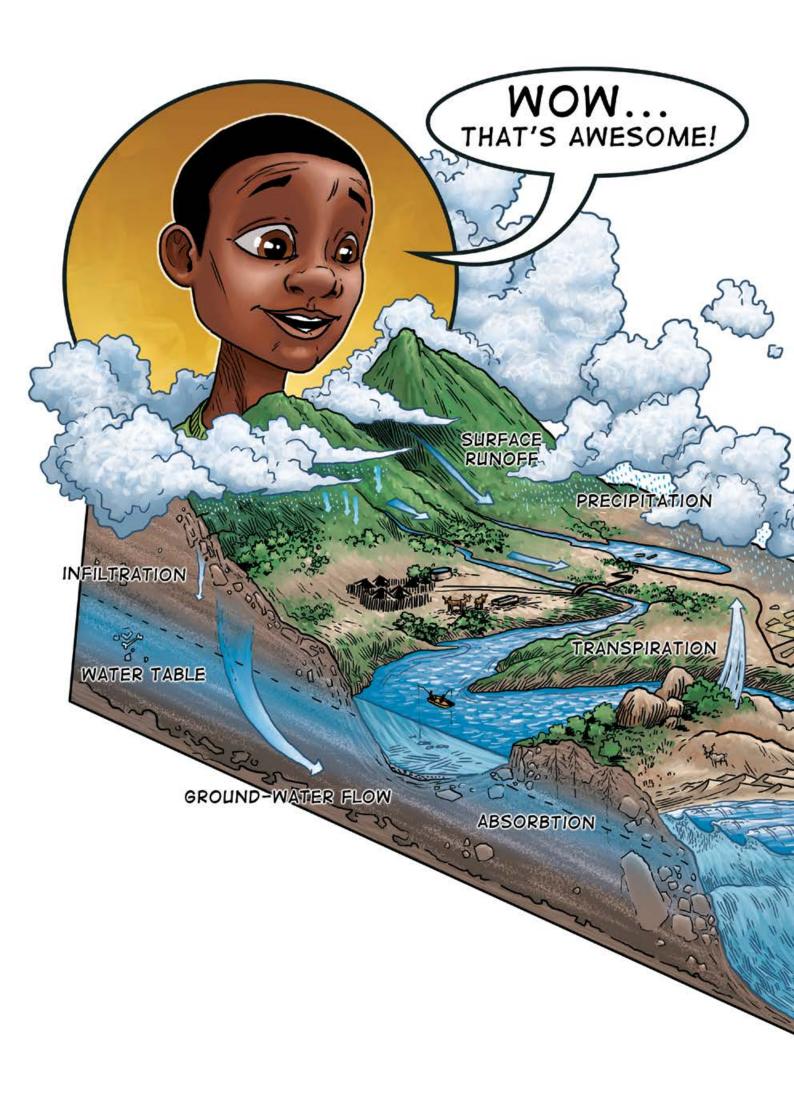


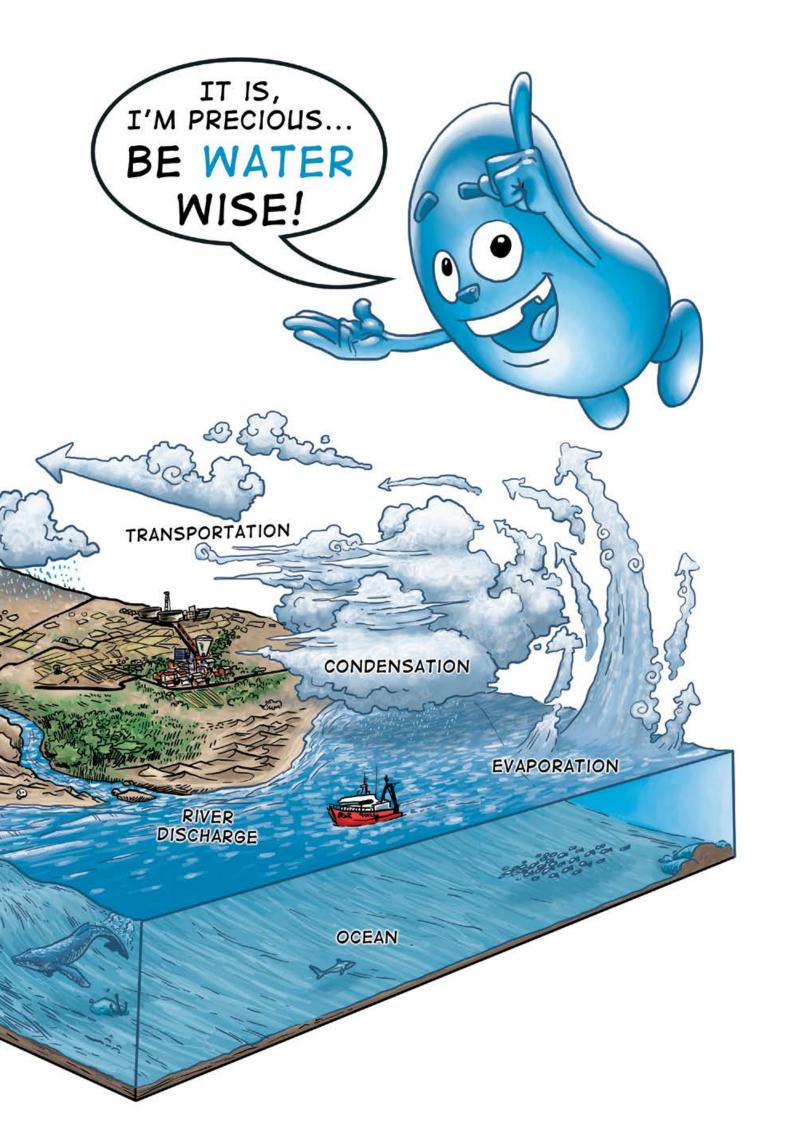












KEY POINTS IN GROUND WATER

AQUIFER

AN AQUIFER IS AN UNDERGROUND LAYER OF WATER-BEARING PERMEABLE ROCK, ROCK FRACTURES OR UNCONSOLIDATED MATERIALS (GRAVEL, SAND, OR SILT) FROM WHICH GROUNDWATER CAN BE EXTRACTED USING A WATER WELL.

BOREHOLE

A DEEP, NARROW HOLE MADE IN THE GROUND, ESPECIALLY TO LOCATE WATER OR OIL.

CASING

CASING IS LARGE DIAMETER PIPE THAT IS ASSEMBLED AND INSERTED INTO A RECENTLY DRILLED SECTION OF A BOREHOLE AND TYPICALLY HELD INTO PLACE WITH CEMENT.

CONTAMINATE

MAKE SOMETHING IMPURE BY EXPOSURE TO OR ADDITION OF A POISONOUS OR POLLUTING SUBSTANCE.

DRILLING RIG

A DRILLING RIG IS A MACHINE THAT CREATES HOLES IN THE EARTH SUB-SURFACE. DRILLING RIGS CAN BE MASSIVE STRUCTURES HOUSING EQUIPMENT USED TO DRILL WATER WELLS, OIL WELLS, OR NATURAL GAS EXTRACTION WELLS.

DRILL BIT

DRILL BITS ARE CUTTING TOOLS USED TO CREATE CYLINDRICAL HOLES, ALMOST ALWAYS OF CIRCULAR CROSS-SECTION. DRILL BITS COME IN MANY SIZES AND HAVE MANY USES. BITS ARE USUALLY CONNECTED TO A MECHANISM, OFTEN SIMPLY REFERRED TO AS A DRILL, WHICH ROTATES THEM AND PROVIDES TORQUE AND AXIAL FORCE TO CREATE THE HOLE.

HYDROGEOLOGIST

A HYDROGEOLOGIST IS A PERSON WHO STUDIES THE WAYS THAT GROUNDWATER (HYDRO) MOVES THROUGH THE SOIL AND ROCK OF THE EARTH (GEOLOGY). A SIMILAR PROFESSION, A HYDROLOGIST, IS SOMEONE WHO STUDIES SURFACE WATER.

OPEN CANAL

AN OPEN CANAL, CHANNEL, OR DITCH, IS AN OPEN WATERWAY WHOSE PURPOSE IS TO CARRY WATER FROM ONE PLACE TO ANOTHER.

PH VALUE

THE PH SCALE MEASURES HOW ACIDIC OR BASIC A SUBSTANCE IS. IT RANGES FROM O TO 14. A PH OF 7 IS NEUTRAL. A PH LESS THAN 7 IS ACIDIC, AND A PH GREATER THAN 7 IS BASIC.

PIPELINE

PIPELINE TRANSPORT IS THE TRANSPORTATION OF GOODS OR MATERIAL THROUGH A PIPE, NORMALLY WATER OR GAS.

POLLUTE

TO MAKE DIRTY, FOUL OR UNCLEAN, ESPECIALLY WITH HARMFUL CHEMICAL OR WASTE PRODUCTS.

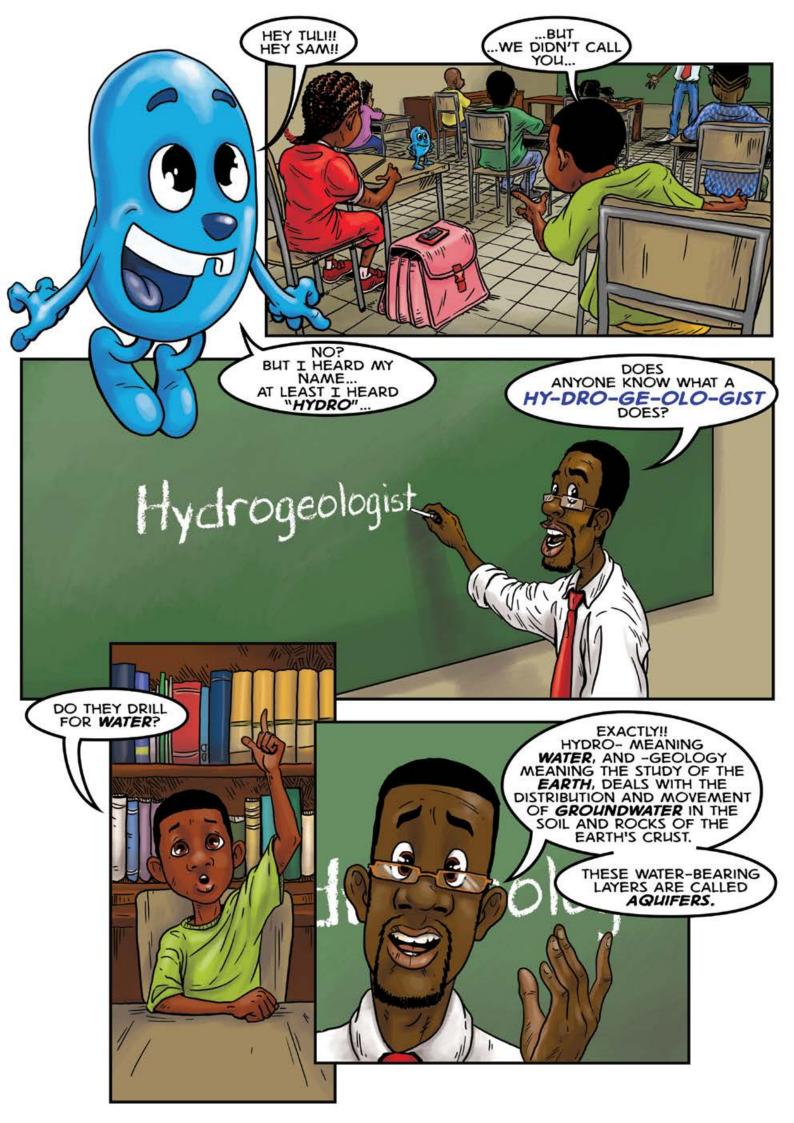
PROTECTION ZONE

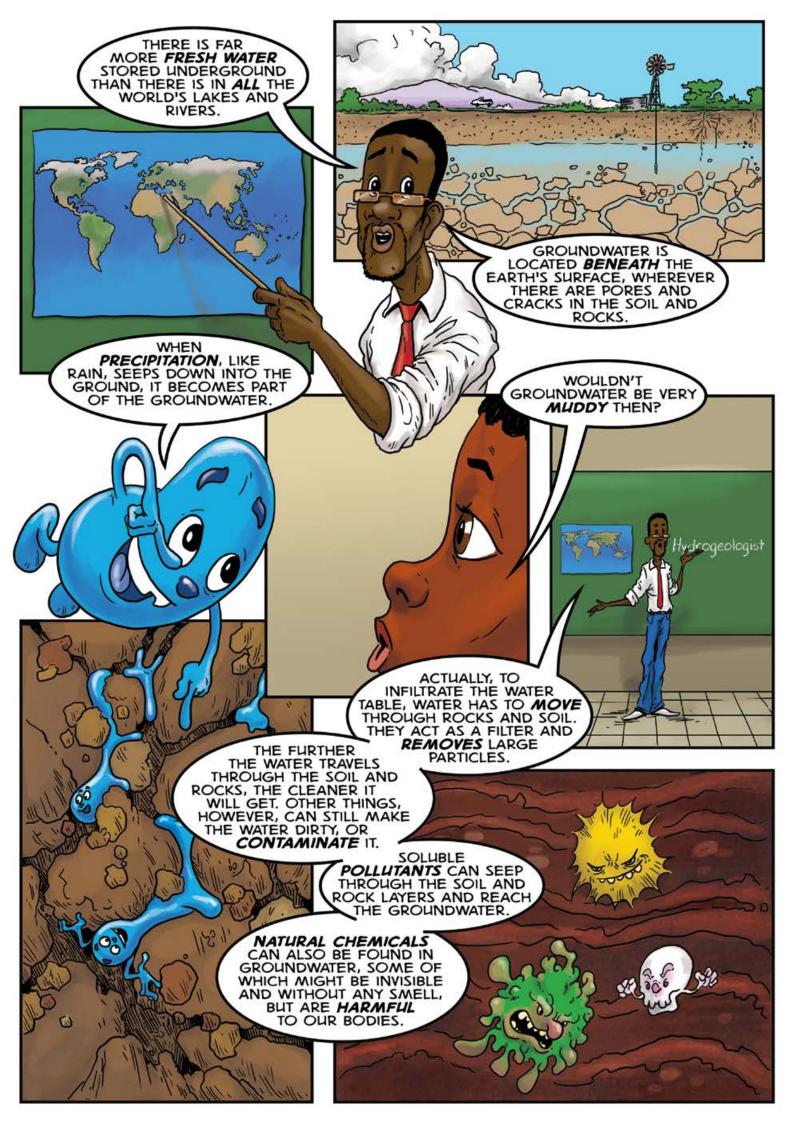
AN AREA AROUND A SPECIFIC POINT, LIKE A BOREHOLE, WHERE CERTAIN ACTIVITIES, OBJECTS, CHEMICALS OR POSSIBLE DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED.



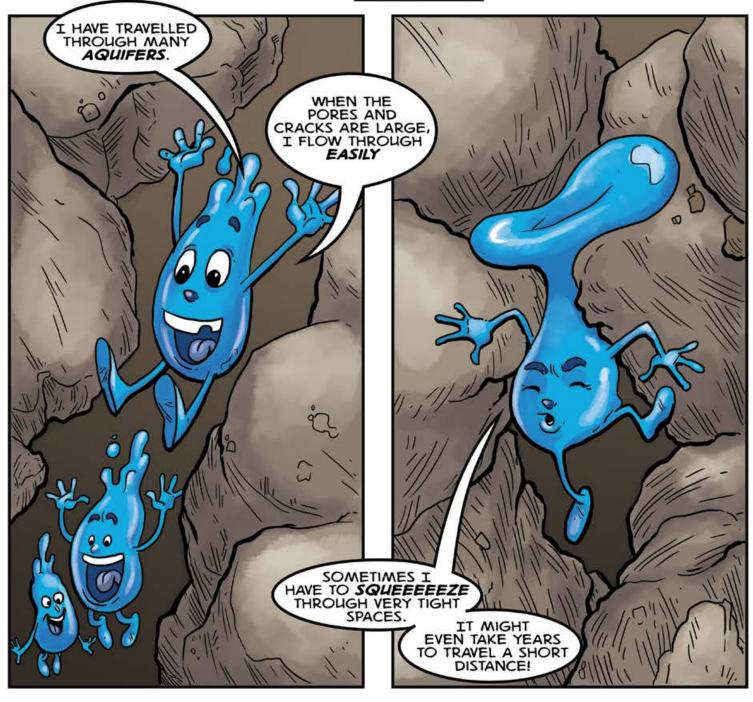


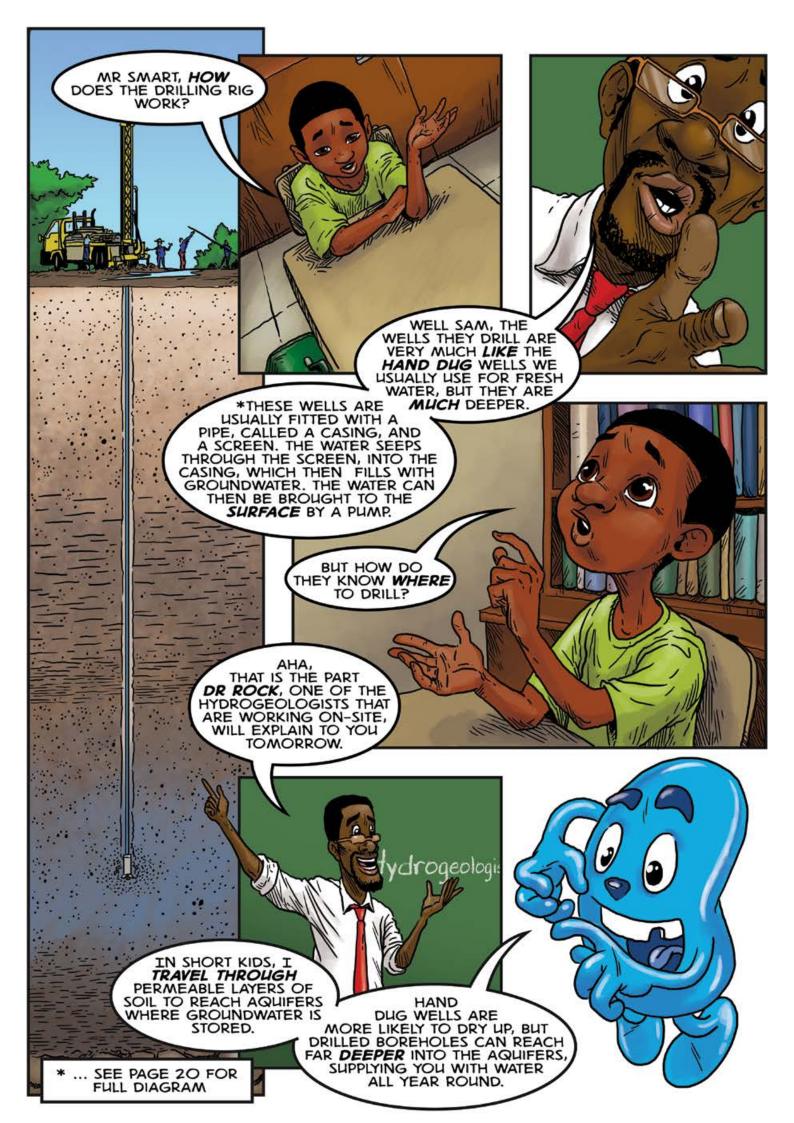


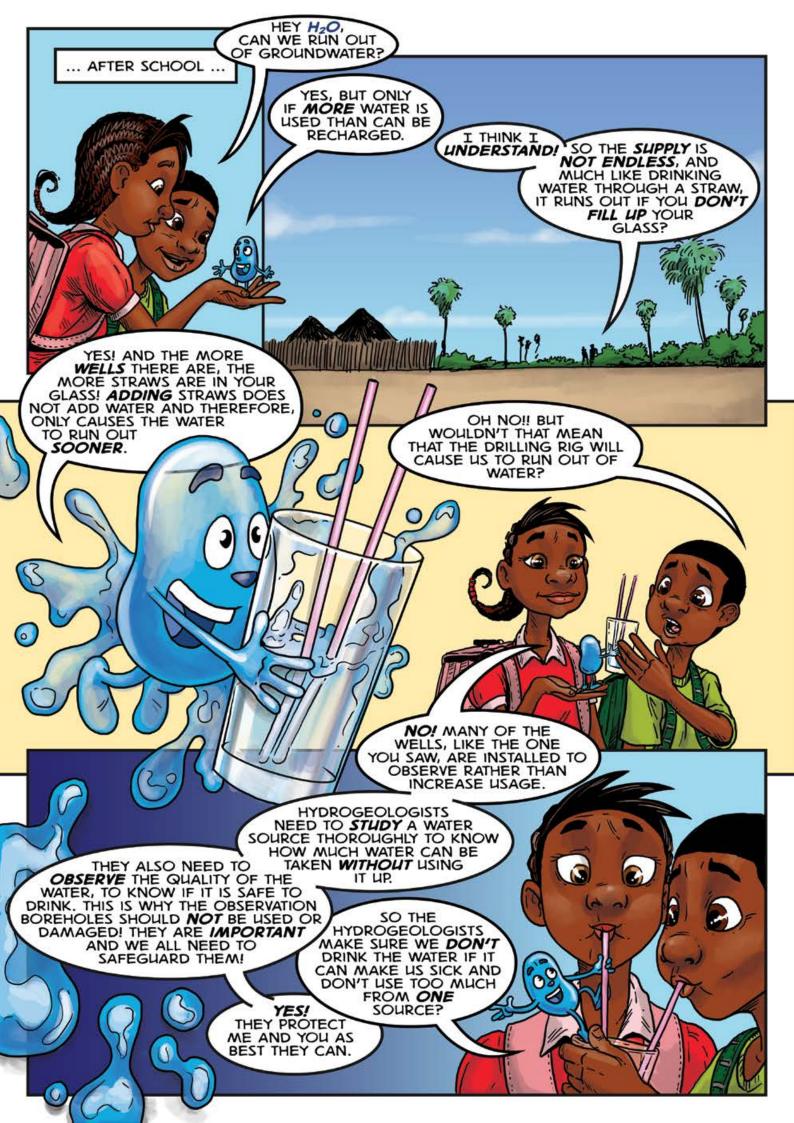




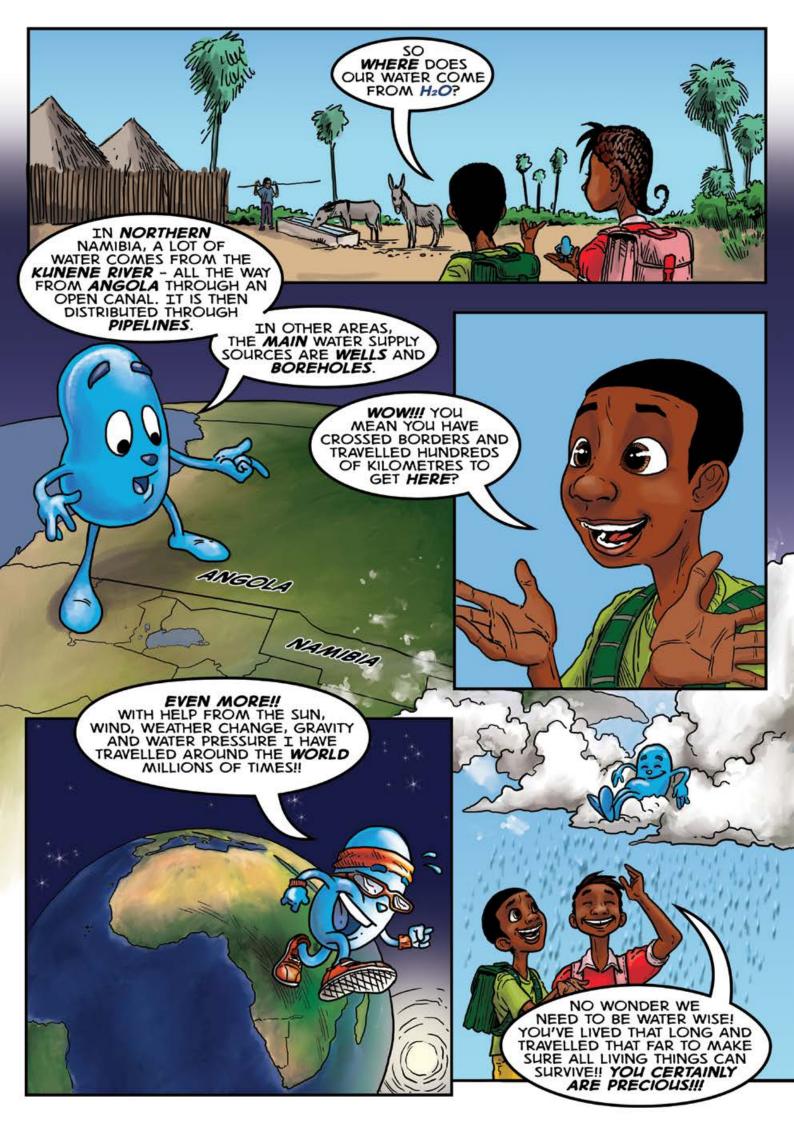


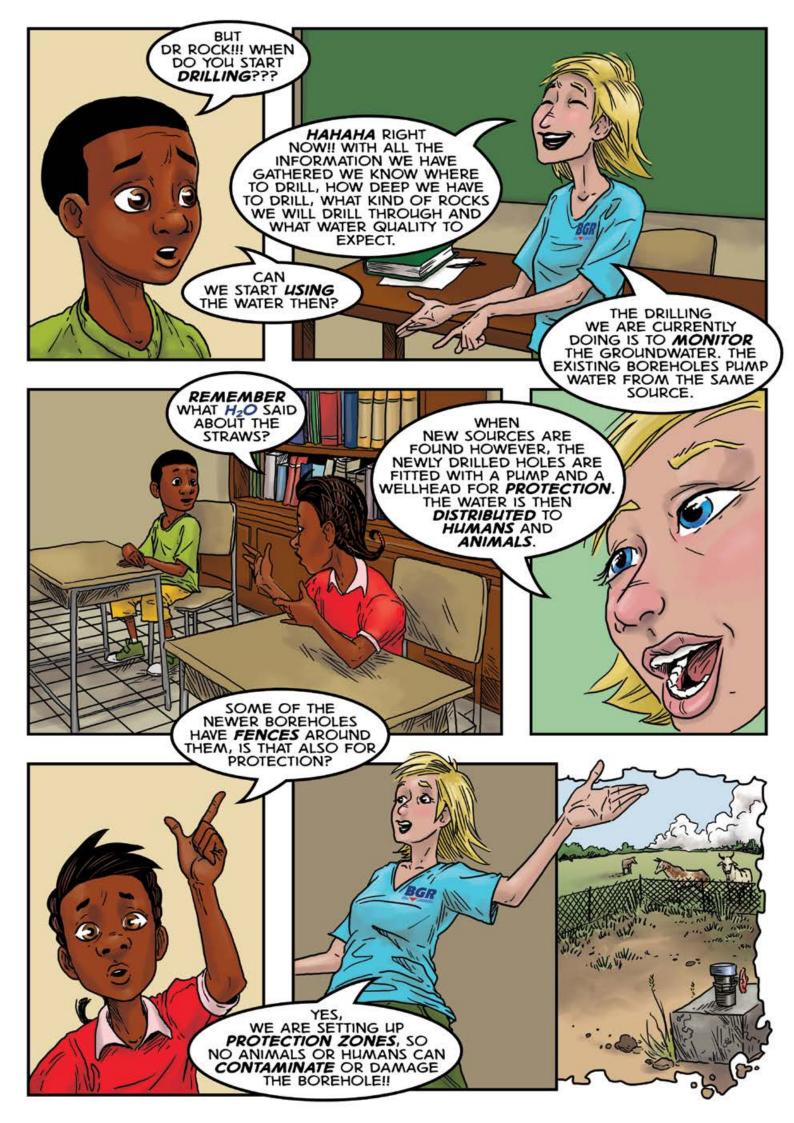






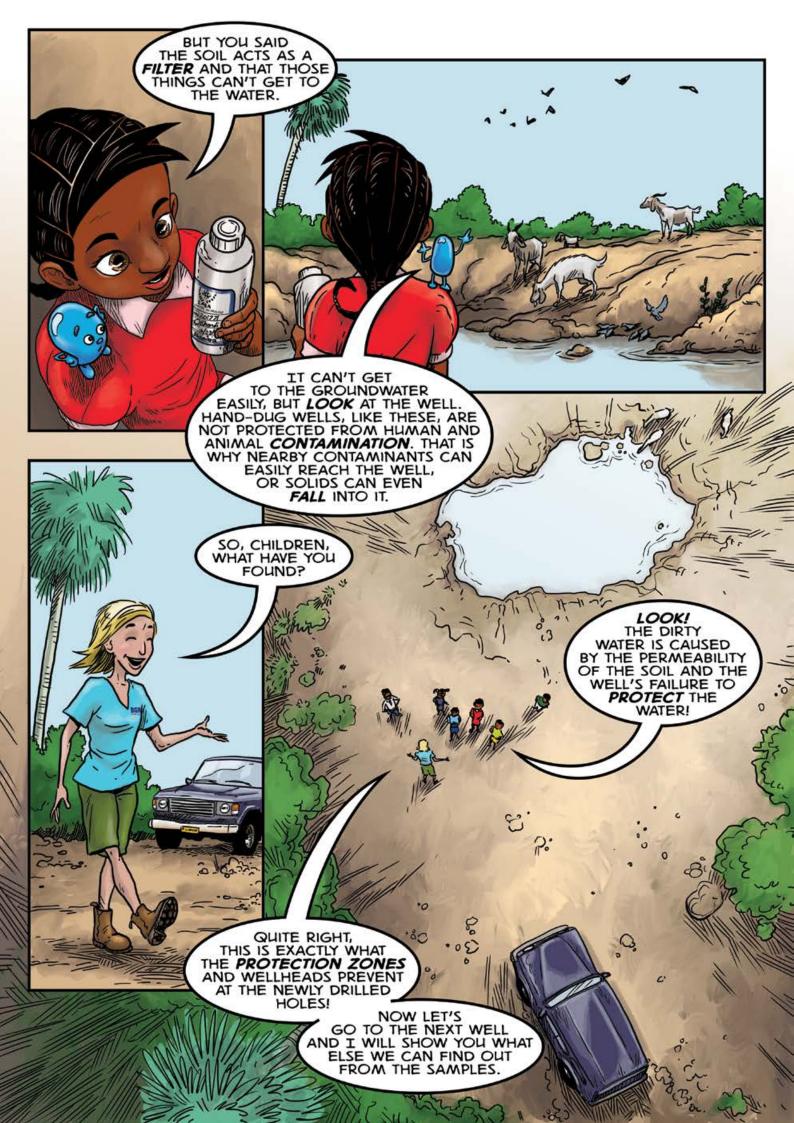


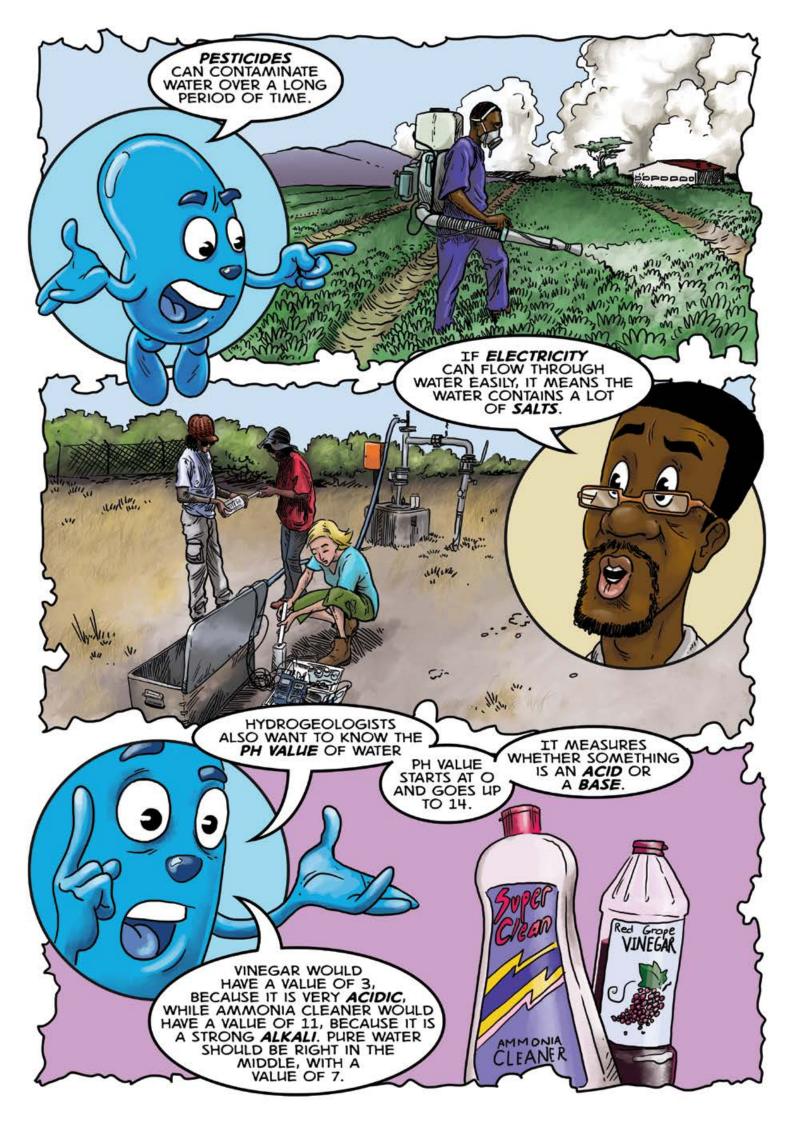


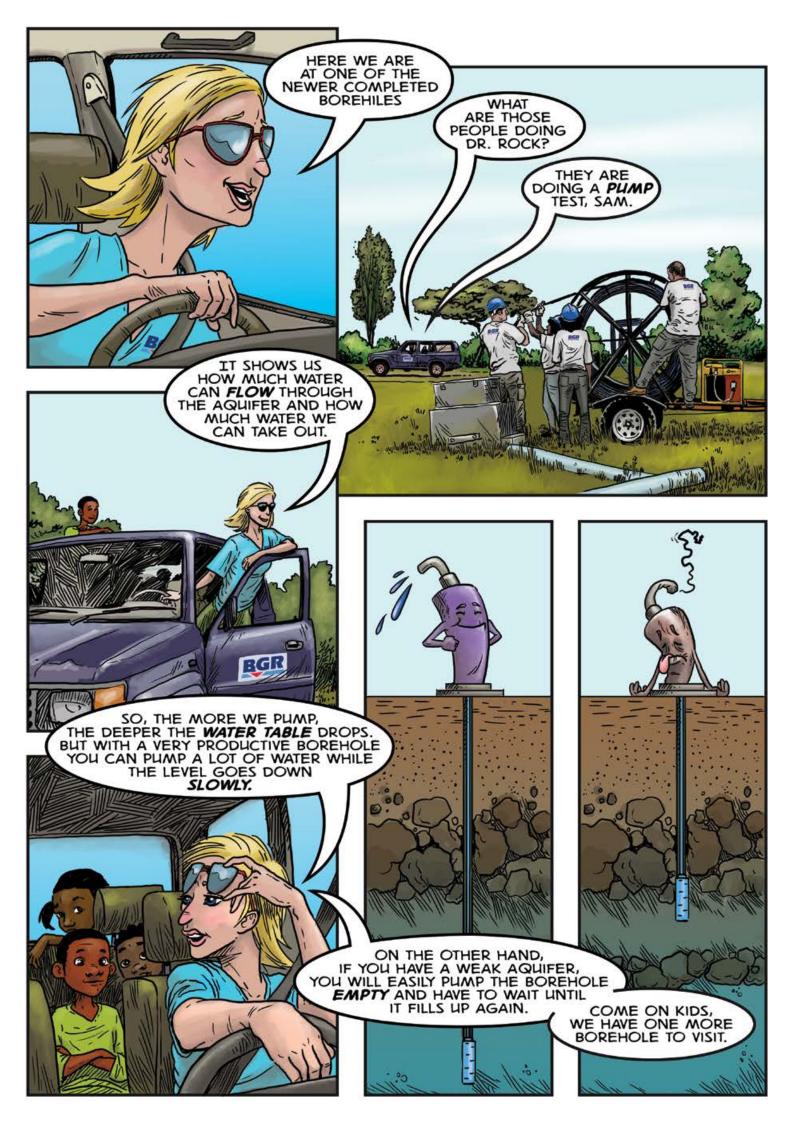


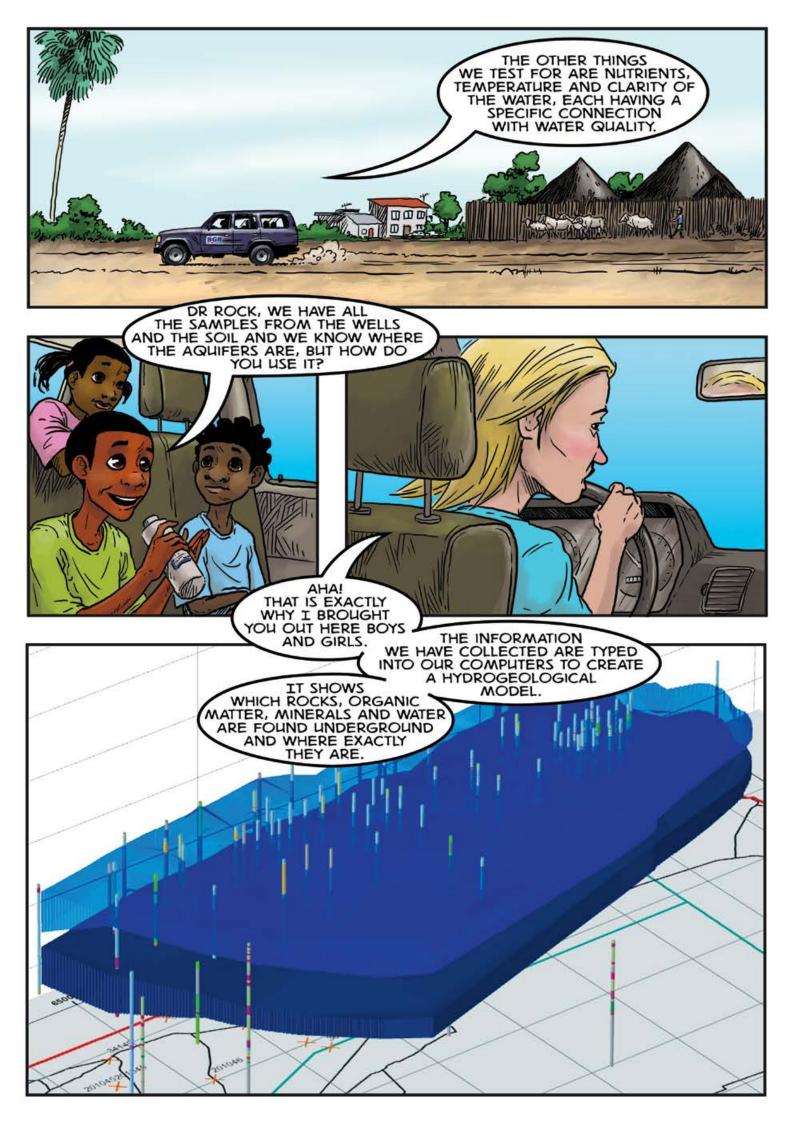


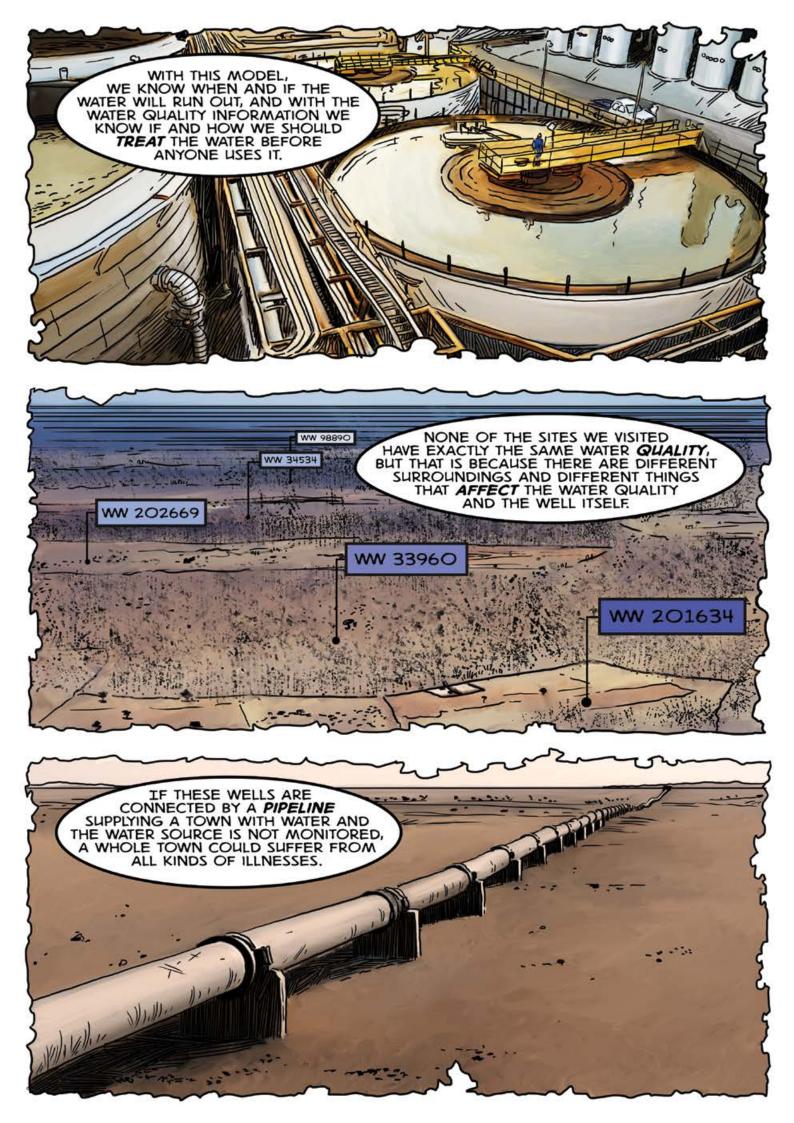


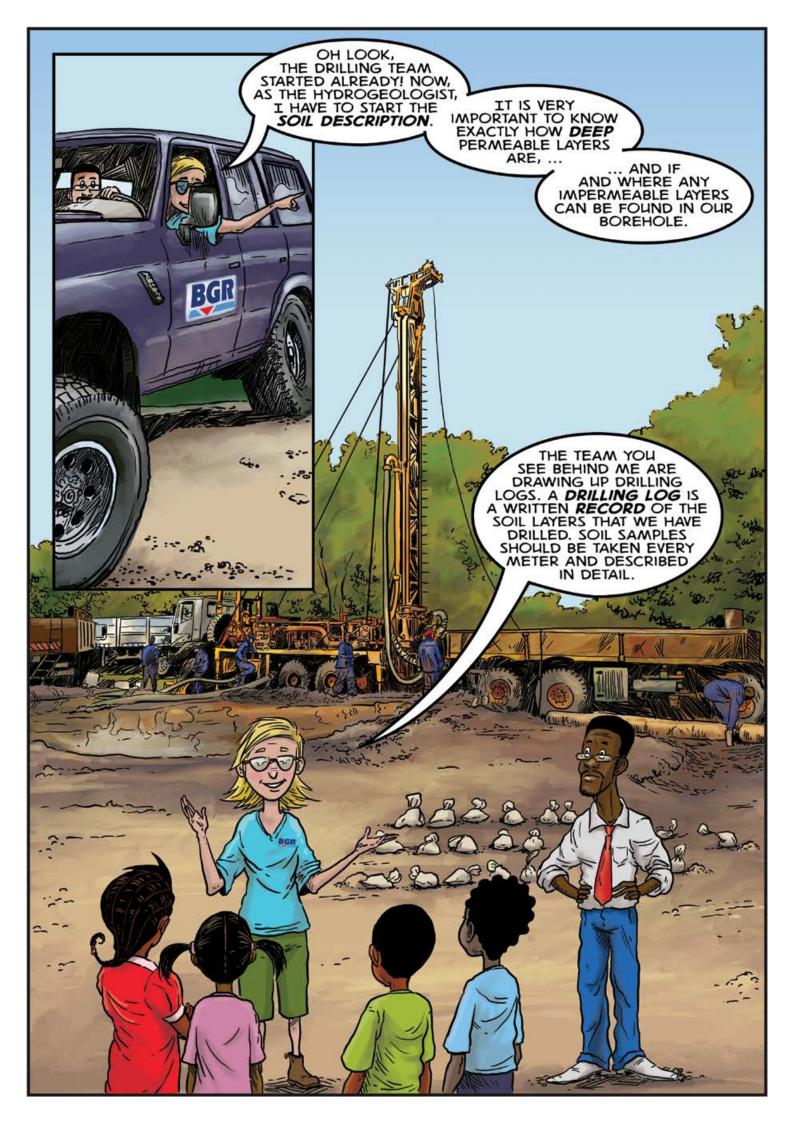


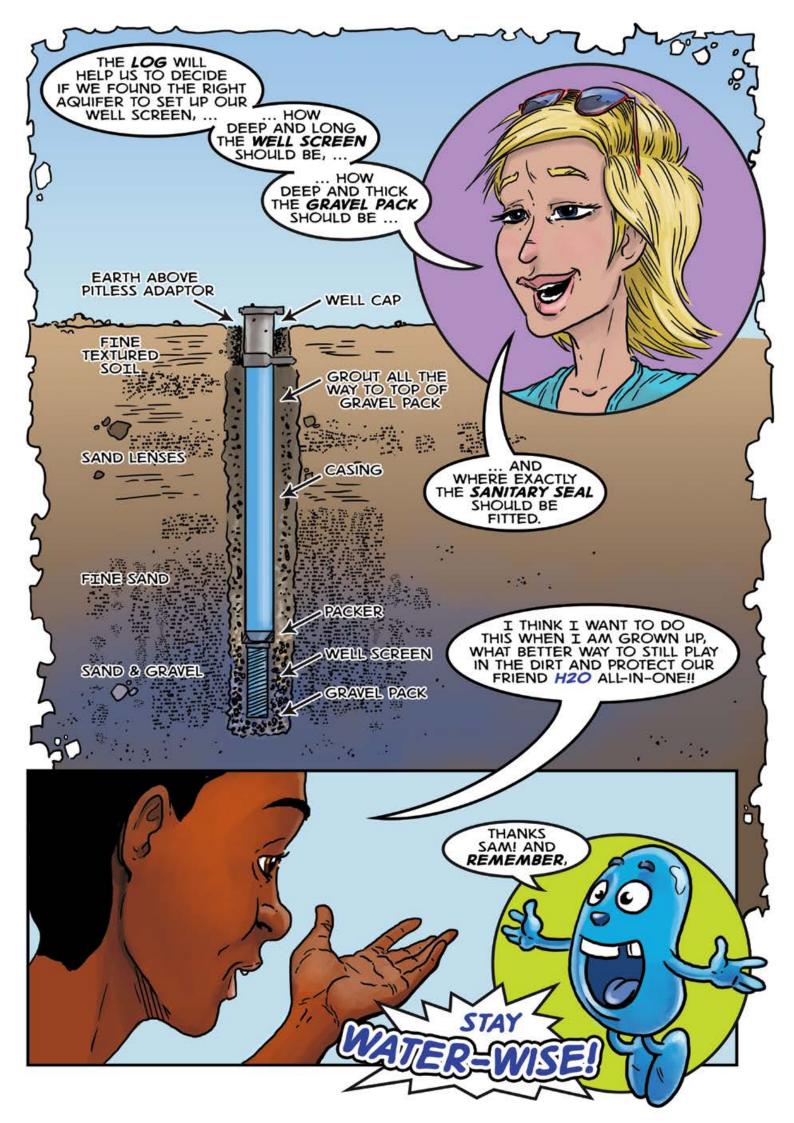












KEY POINTS IN POLLUTION & CONTAMINATION

POLLLITION

POLLUTION IS THE INTRODUCTION OF CONTAMINANTS INTO THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT THAT CAUSE ADVERSE CHANGE. POLLUTION CAN TAKE THE FORM OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OR ENERGY, SUCH AS NOISE, HEAT OR LIGHT. POLLUTANTS, THE COMPONENTS OF POLLUTION, CAN BE EITHER FOREIGN SUBSTANCES/ENERGIES OR NATURALLY OCCURRING CONTAMINANTS.

CONTAMINANT

A CONTAMINANT IS ANY PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL OR RADIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE OR MATTER IN WATER. DRINKING WATER MAY REASONABLY BE EXPECTED TO CONTAIN AT LEAST SMALL AMOUNTS OF SOME CONTAMINANTS. SOME CONTAMINANTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF CONSUMED AT CERTAIN LEVELS IN DRINKING WATER.

STAGNANT

WATER STAGNATION OCCURS WHEN WATER STOPS FLOWING. STAGNANT WATER CAN BE A MAJOR ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD. STAGNANT WATER CAN BE DANGEROUS FOR DRINKING BECAUSE IT PROVIDES A BETTER INCUBATOR THAN RUNNING WATER FOR MANY KINDS OF BACTERIA AND PARASITES. STAGNANT WATER IS OFTEN CONTAMINATED WITH HUMAN AND ANIMAL FAECES, PARTICULARLY IN DESERTS OR OTHER AREAS OF LOW RAIN.

MICROORGANISM

A MICROORGANISM IS A MICROSCOPIC (TOO SMALL TO SEE WITH THE NAKED EYE) LIV-ING ORGANISM, WHICH MAY BE SINGLE CELLED OR MULTICELLULAR. BACTERIA AND GERMS ARE AMONG THE MANY MICROORGANISMS, SOME OF WHICH ARE HARMFUL TO HUMANS.

MONITORING

TO MONITOR OR MONITORING GENERALLY MEANS TO BE AWARE OF THE STATE OF A SYSTEM, TO OBSERVE A SITUATION FOR ANY CHANGES WHICH MAY OCCUR OVER TIME, USING A MONITOR OR MEASURING DEVICE OF SOME SORT.

ZONE

A ZONE IS AN AREA OR STRETCH OF LAND HAVING A PARTICULAR CHARACTERISTIC, PURPOSE, OR USE, OR SUBJECT TO PARTICULAR RESTRICTIONS.

PESTICIDE

A SUBSTANCE USED FOR DESTROYING INSECTS OR OTHER ORGANISMS HARMFUL TO CULTIVATED PLANTS OR TO ANIMALS.

FERTILIZER

FERTILIZERS ARE CHEMICAL OR NATURAL SUBSTANCES ADDED TO SOIL OR LAND TO INCREASE ITS FERTILITY.

INDUSTRIAL WASTAGE

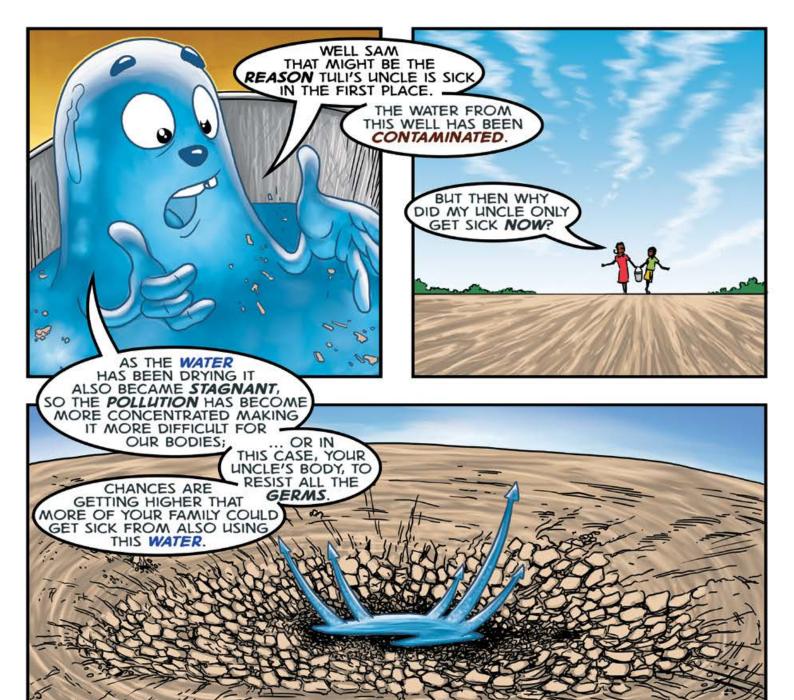
INDUSTRIAL WASTE IS THE WASTE PRODUCED BY INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY WHICH INCLUDES ANY MATERIAL THAT IS RENDERED USELESS DURING A MANUFACTURING PROCESS SUCH AS THAT OF FACTORIES, INDUSTRIES, MILLS, AND MINING OPERATIONS.

WATER PURIFICATION

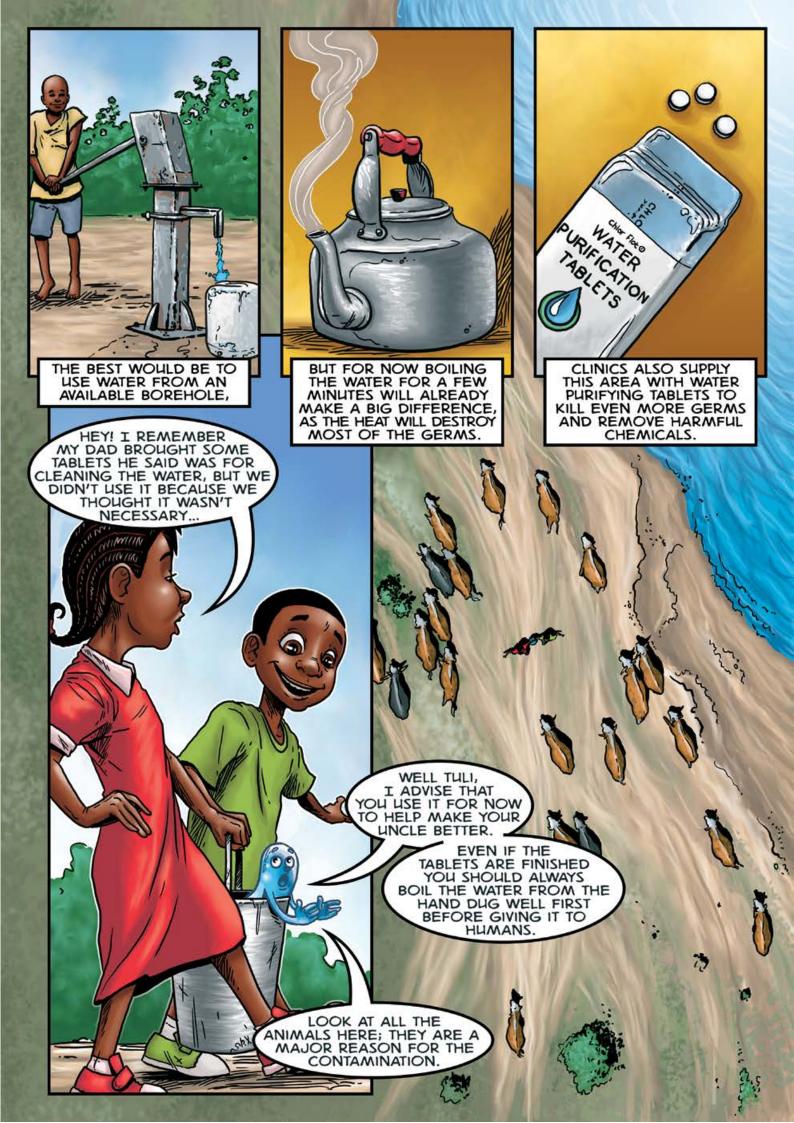
WATER PURIFICATION IS THE PROCESS OF REMOVING UNDESIRABLE CHEMICALS, BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS, SUSPENDED SOLIDS AND GASES FROM CONTAMINATED WATER. THE GOAL IS TO PRODUCE WATER FIT FOR A SPECIFIC PURPOSE.

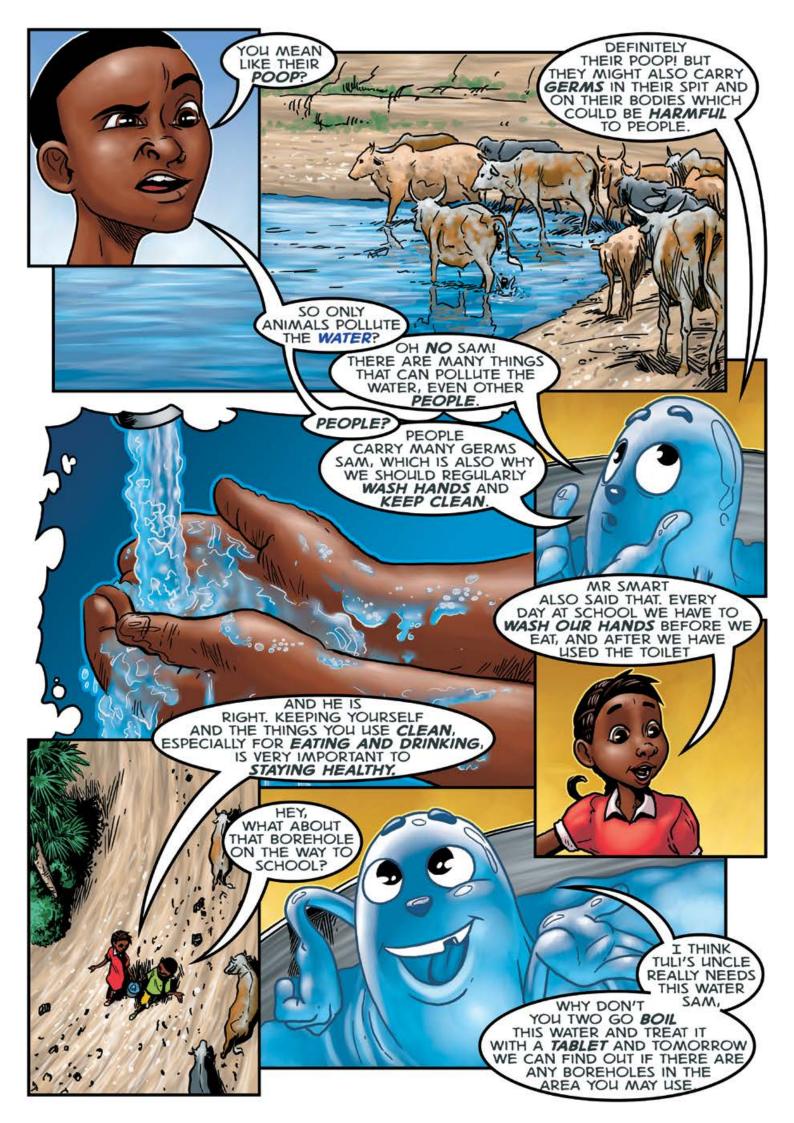


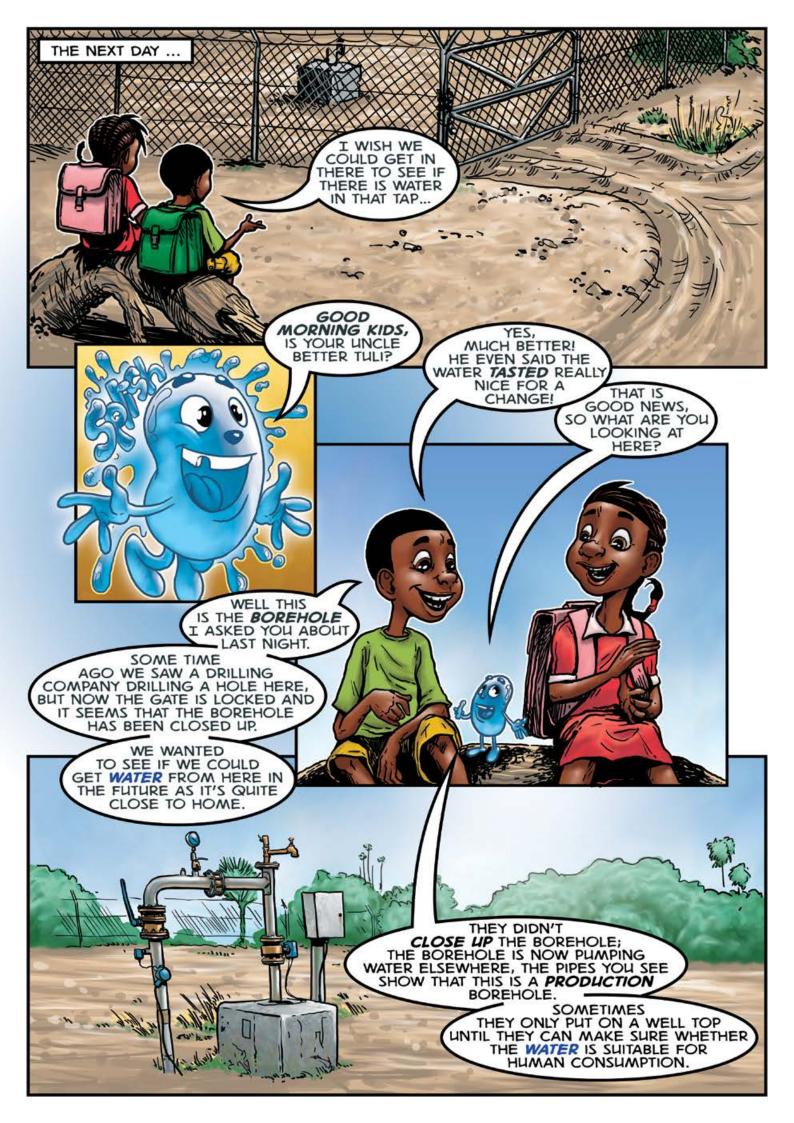




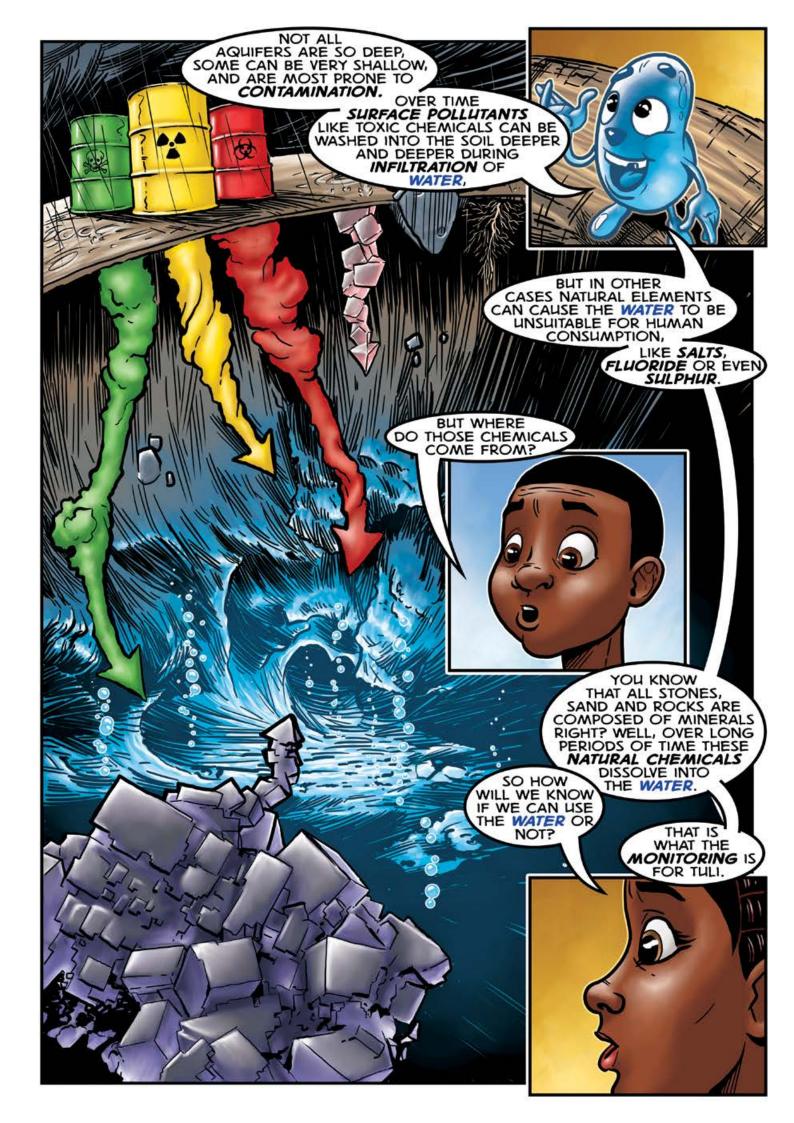














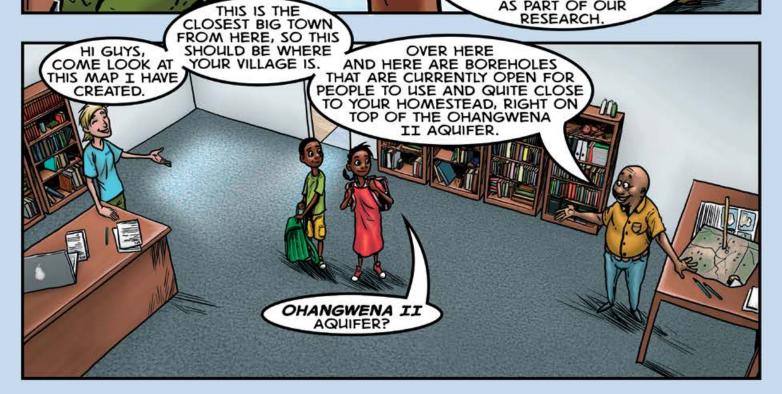






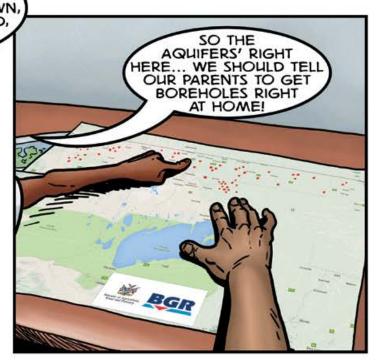






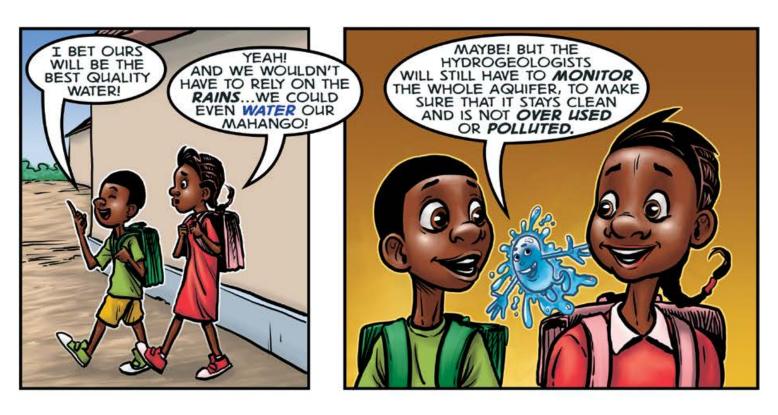


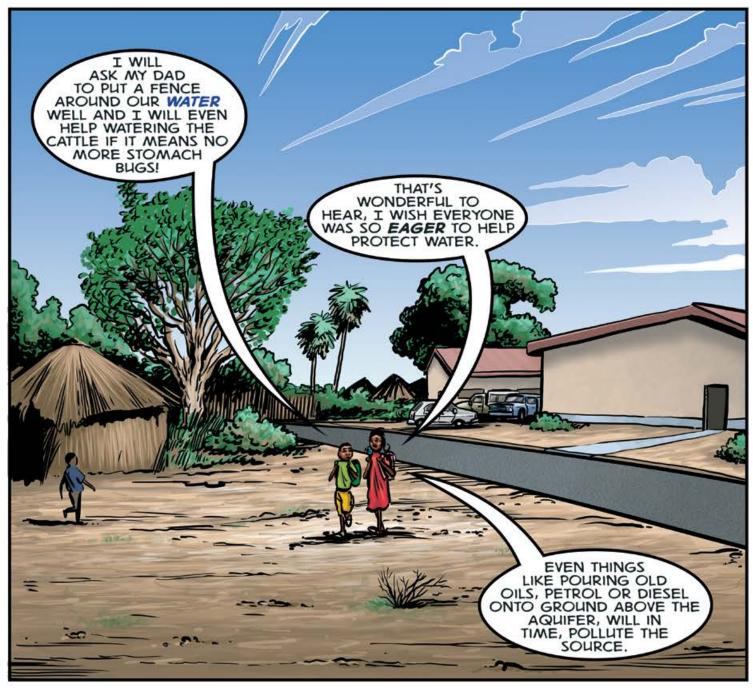


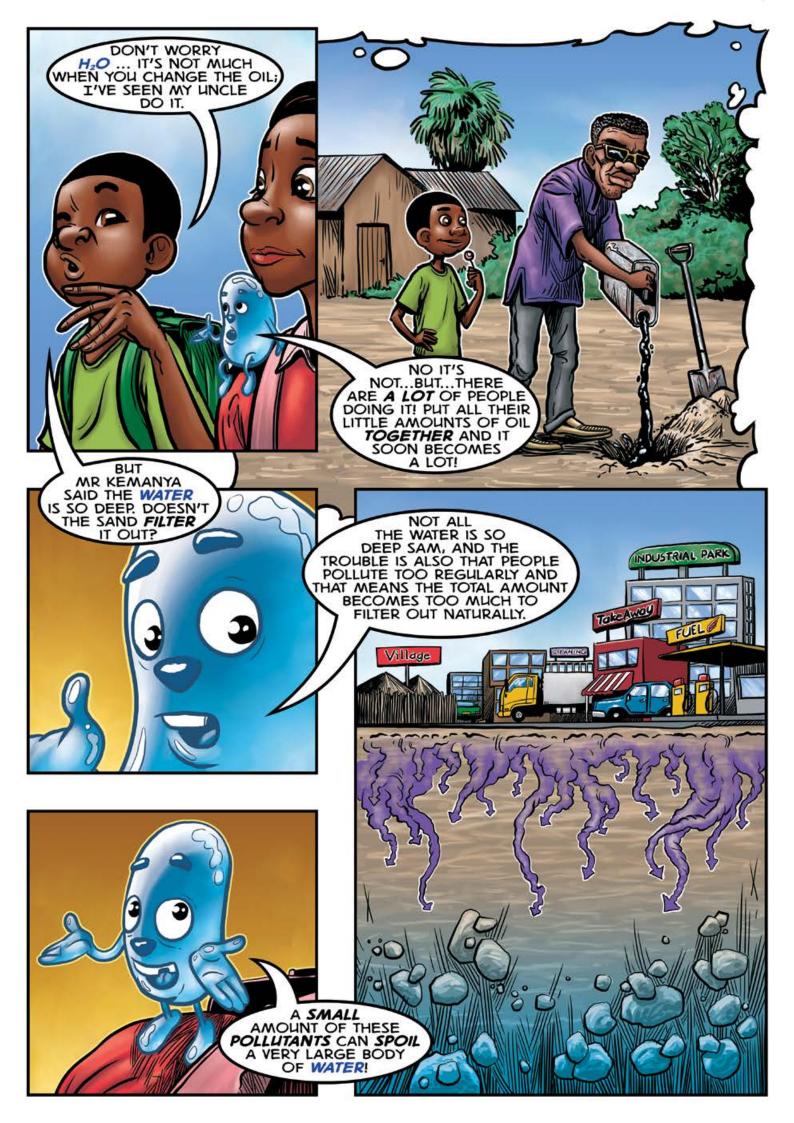










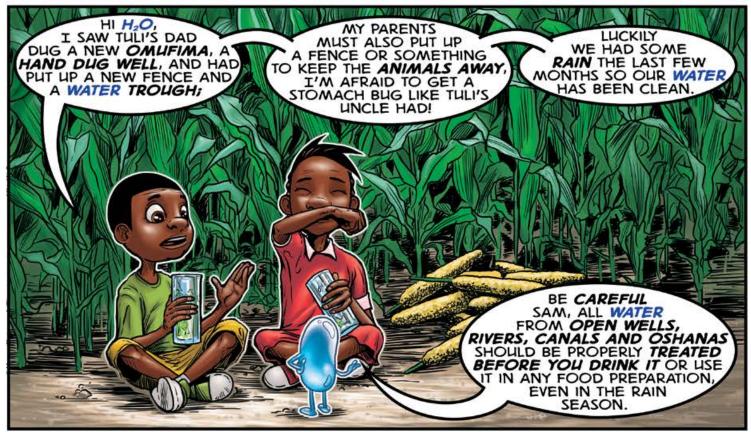


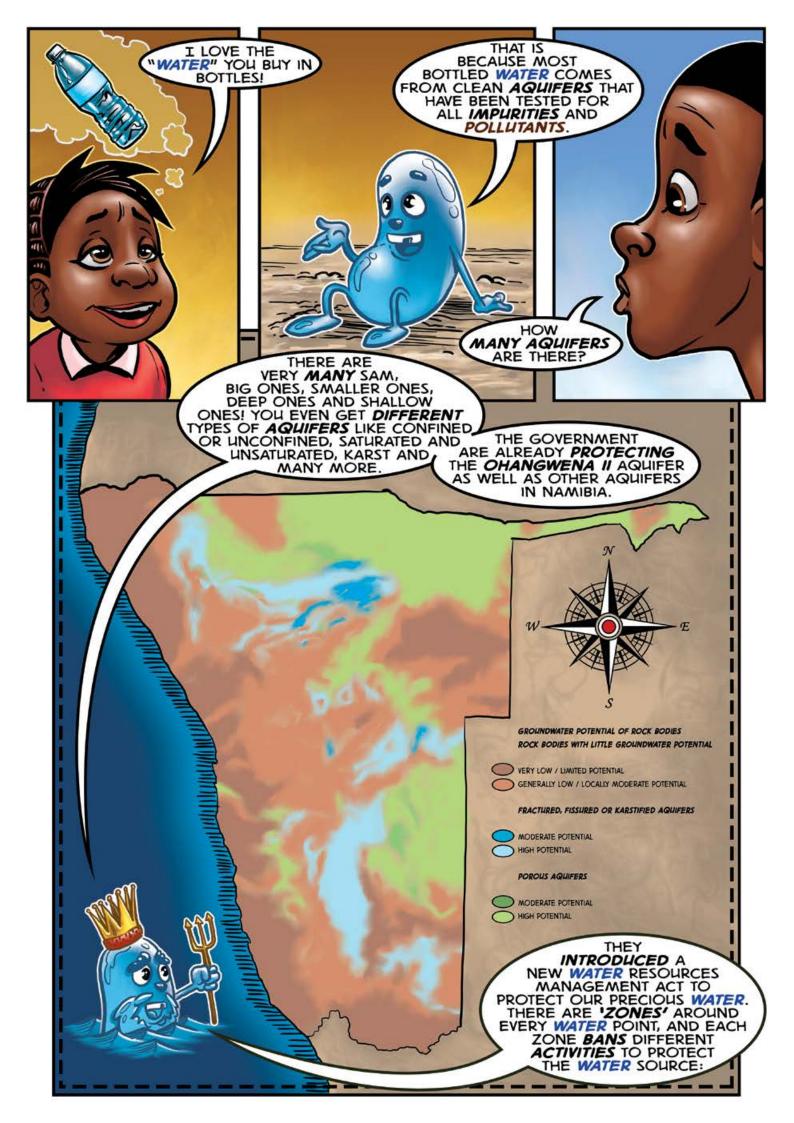


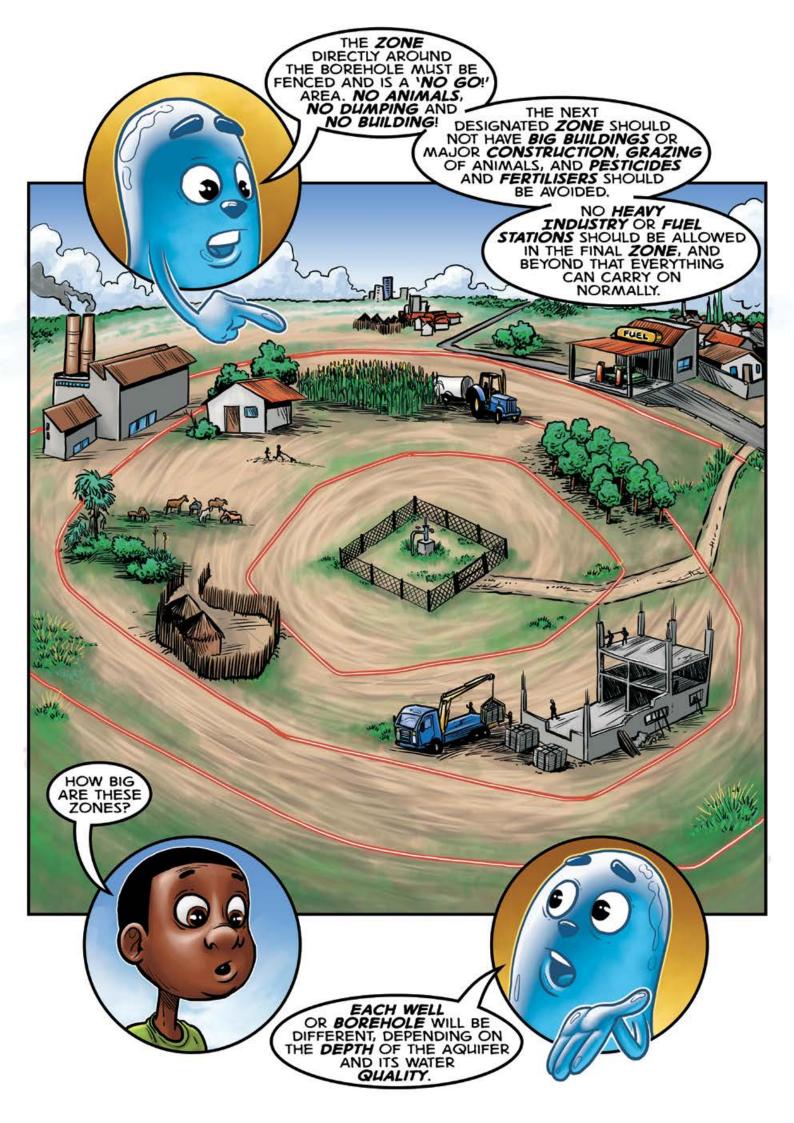


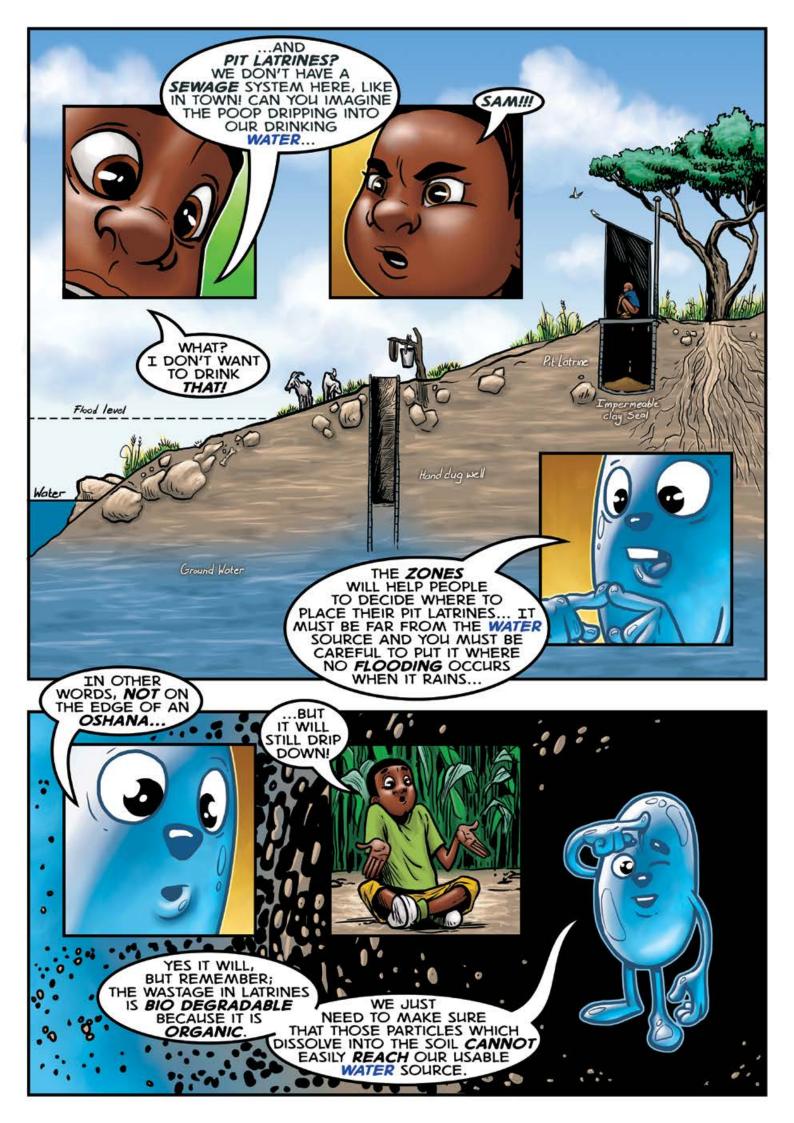








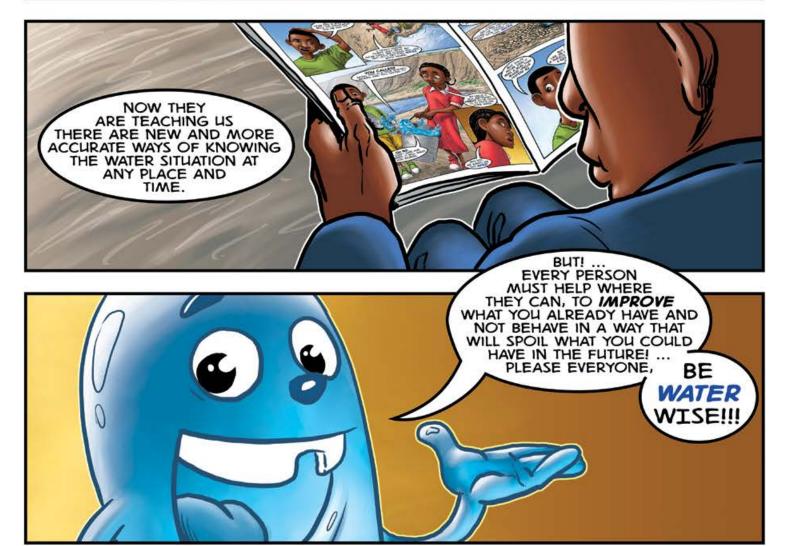












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Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources (BGR) (Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe, BGR)

BGR is the geoscientific competence centre and the geological survey of the Federal Republic of Germany. The main topics it deals with are energy resources, mineral resources, groundwater, soil, and the use of the underground for storage and economic purposes. Its responsibilities include carrying out research and consultation to help maintain and improve living conditions by ensuring the responsible use of geological potential. BGR exercises its responsibilities in compliance with the needs of politics, industry and society as a whole.

Sustainable groundwater management as the fundamental basis of life for future generations

Water is essential for the life of humans, animals and plants. Drinking water in many countries is largely supplied from groundwater – more than 70 per cent in the case of Germany for instance. In the arid zones around the world, groundwater is often the only reliable water resource available to people. The importance of groundwater will increase considerably against the background of the rising global population and climate change. Approximately 800 million people around the world have no access to clean drinking water. BGR, as an official implementation organisation of German development co-operation, therefore assists its partner countries in the sustainable use and protection of groundwater resources.

Groundwater Management in the Cuvelai-Etosha Basin, Namibia

Access to safe freshwater is the main limiting factor for the economic and social development of Namibia. Surface water is restricted to four perennial rivers at the Northern and Southern borders. As in most arid countries groundwater plays a vital role for the supply of wide areas in Namibia. As part of the technical co-operation between Namibia and Germany, the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany provided financial and technical support through the project "Groundwater Management in the North of Namibia" executed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Water and Forestry (MAWF) and the Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources (BGR). The goal of this project is to improve access to safe drinking water and to provide well founded information concerning the groundwater resources in the Cuvelai-Etosha Basin (CEB).



BE WATER WISE!

